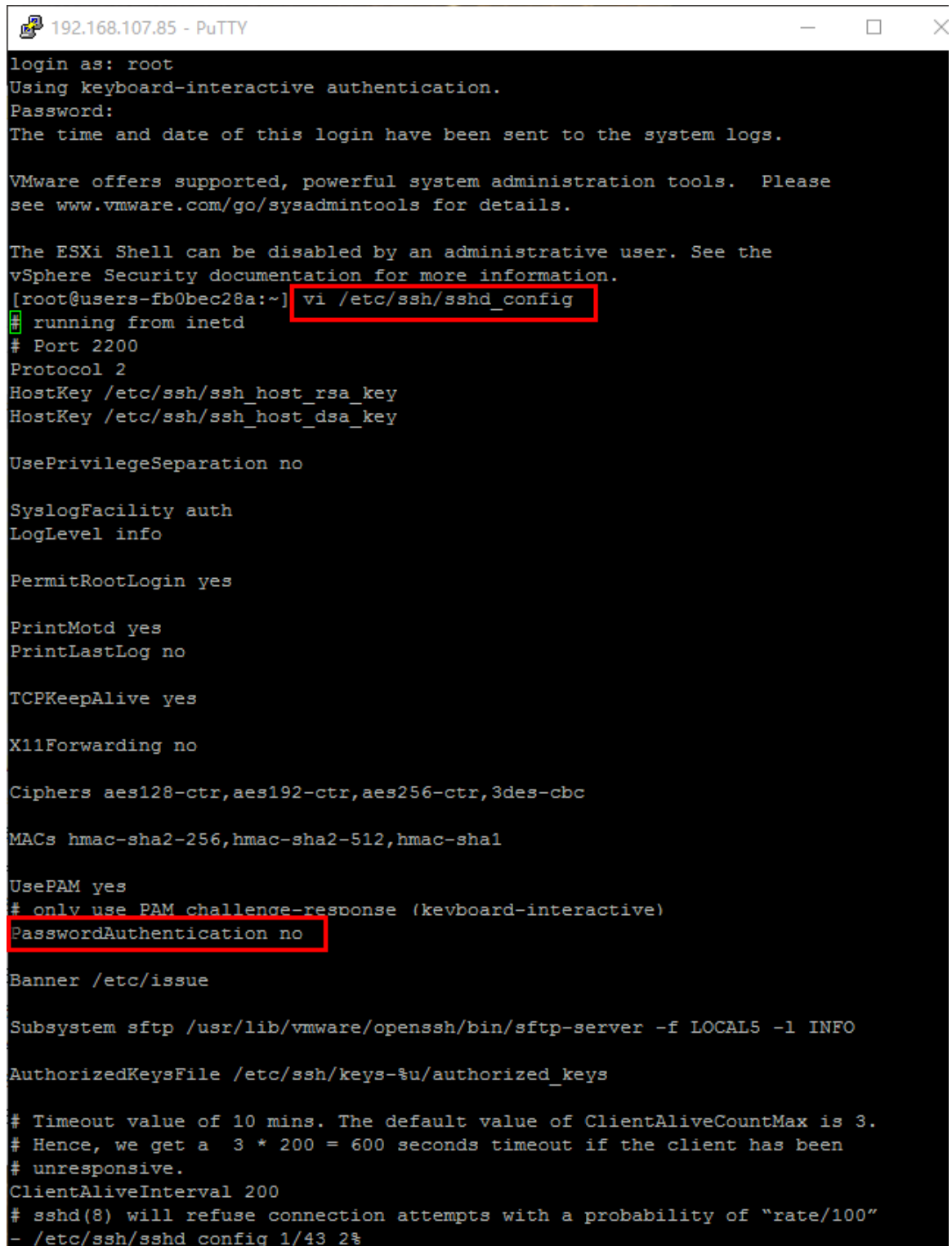


- 1) Log in ESXI system and enter Troubleshooting Options>>Enable SSH shown as Diagram 1.



Diagram 1

- 2) Activate SSH (Password Authentication) in ESXi system. Enter ESXi CLI page or through PuTTY or other SSH tools, please edit the command `vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config` and enable "yes" in PasswordAuthentication". Please find further reference in Diagram 2.



```
192.168.107.85 - PuTTY
login as: root
Using keyboard-interactive authentication.
Password:
The time and date of this login have been sent to the system logs.

VMware offers supported, powerful system administration tools. Please
see www.vmware.com/go/sysadmintools for details.

The ESXi Shell can be disabled by an administrative user. See the
vSphere Security documentation for more information.
[root@users-fb0bec28a:~] vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
# running from inetd
# Port 2200
Protocol 2
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
HostKey /etc/ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key

UsePrivilegeSeparation no

SyslogFacility auth
LogLevel info

PermitRootLogin yes

PrintMotd yes
PrintLastLog no

TCPKeepAlive yes

X11Forwarding no

Ciphers aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr,3des-cbc

MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512,hmac-sha1

UsePAM yes
# only use PAM challenge-response (keyboard-interactive)
PasswordAuthentication no

Banner /etc/issue

Subsystem sftp /usr/lib/vmware/openssh/bin/sftp-server -f LOCAL5 -l INFO

AuthorizedKeysFile /etc/ssh/keys-%u/authorized_keys

# Timeout value of 10 mins. The default value of ClientAliveCountMax is 3.
# Hence, we get a 3 * 200 = 600 seconds timeout if the client has been
# unresponsive.
ClientAliveInterval 200
# sshd(8) will refuse connection attempts with a probability of "rate/100"
- /etc/ssh/sshd_config 1/43 2%
```

Diagram 2